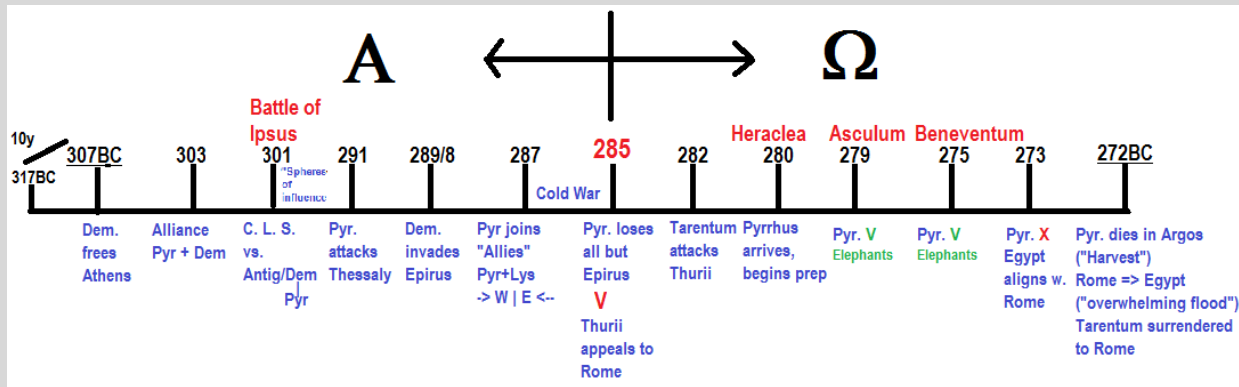
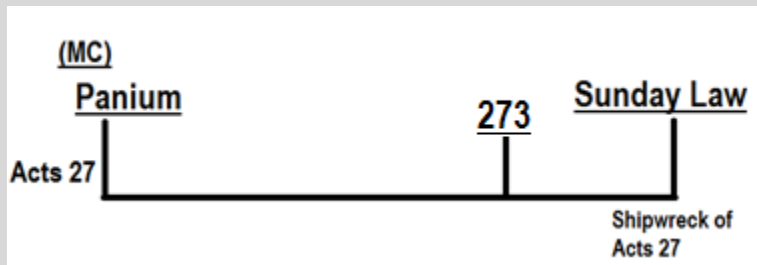


We have completed our study of the cup of the counterfeit in the previous presentation. We wanted to focus on the triple application of prophecy to world wars the first and the second equaling the third (WW1+WW2=WW3). We briefly reviewed how we came to the history of World War II: it's through understanding these two lines of Pyrrhus that have been laid out in this in this continuum top line, this history of Macedonia and Italy.



We came to these lines through the 273 of Acts 27 placing that between Panium and Sunday Law.

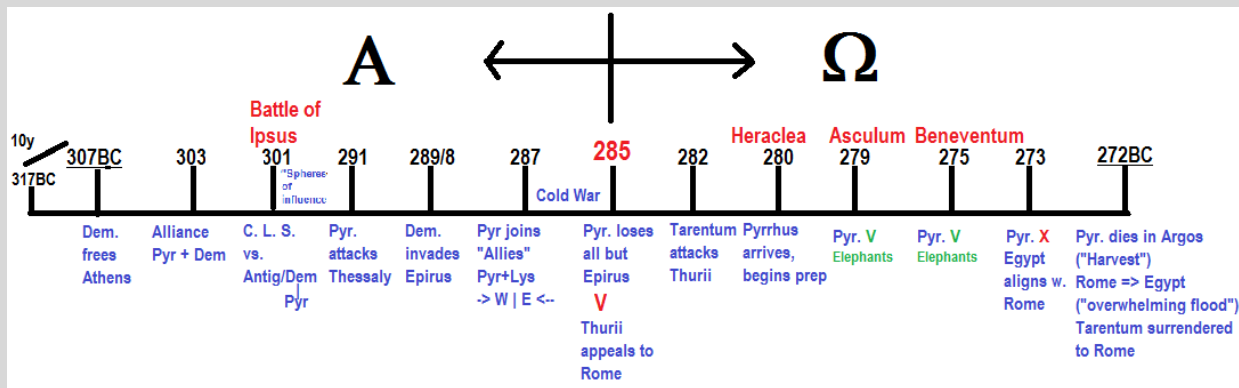


That was where it began, and then in understanding Pyrrhus as representative of the King of the South that study was expanded upon.



We've laid out his history, he begins to be involved in world politics through the fourth Diadochi war. This is just a brief a summary of what happened after the death of Alexander. Alexander dies, you have that one

horn broken, 22 years these four Diadochi wars resulting in the battle of Ipsus, where you have our four generals dividing up his empire into the four winds of heaven. In the first two wars many generals fight over that territory until it's finally consolidated under the Pyr control of five, and at the beginning of the third Diadochi war you have five generals. Antigonus is by far the most powerful, and united against him as they see him as their common threat are our four generals of Daniel 11. Third and fourth war are two wars with an armistice in the middle. You have the same players: Pyrrhus enters that history by fighting as a general of

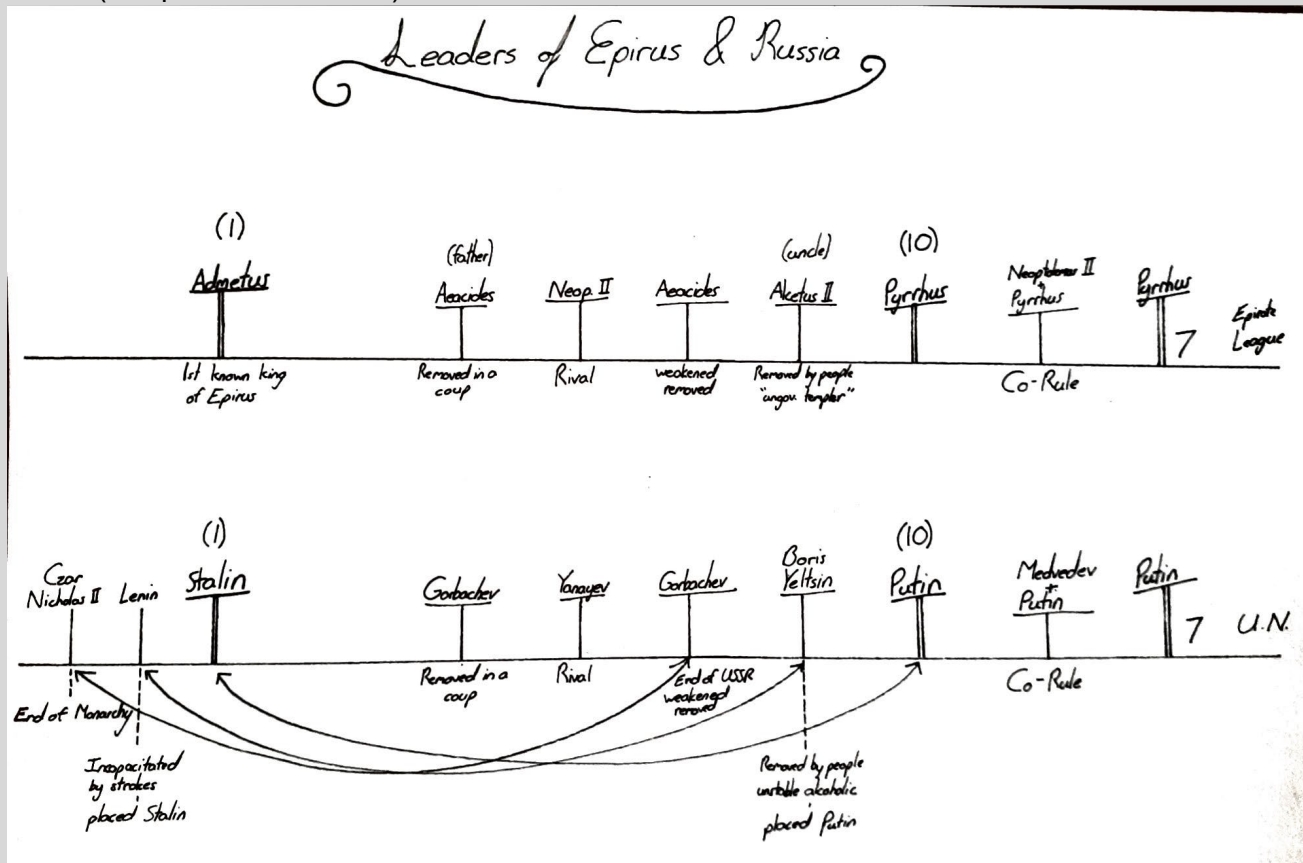


Demetrius.

He comes into an alliance with Demetrius in 303BC, the fourth war having begun in 307, he fights as a general of Demetrius in the battle of Ipsus, but then this alliance between Pyrrhus and Demetrius begins to disintegrate, and they fight against each other. Pyrrhus first invades the territory of Demetrius, and then Demetrius invades

the territory of Pyrrhus. Then you find Pyrrhus joining those allies that he had fought against at Ipsus, turns on his former ally Demetrius, defeats him, and Demetrius' territories divided up between East and West, between Lysimachus and Pyrrhus. This sparks a cold war. Lysimachus wins this cold war, Pyrrhus loses all but Epirus, and surrenders Macedonia, surrenders, gives up any attempt to establish his empire in that territory. He travels to Italy as this is where there is a new war breaking out between the North and the South, between Rome in the north and the city states in the south united under Tarentum. The same year he loses Epirus is when the beginnings of this war develop, were one of those city-states as changing its allegiance from its southern relatives, particularly Tarentum, to Rome, the superpower in the north. Tarentum responds by attacking Thurii and war is declared between Tarentum and Rome. Pyrrhus arrives, and begins preparations for war, he brings Tarentum under his control, begins forcing them to build up a military and fortify the city.

Then you find the first battle between Pyrrhus and Rome at Heraclea in 280 BC. Winter prevents them from fighting. Immediately for the following spring they meet at Asculum, Pyrrhus defeats Rome, both battles he wins because of elephants. He goes to Sicily, becomes a dictator, desecrates a temple, his plans in Sicily do not eventuate. He finds that Rome is again threatening the south, he goes back to Italy and fights Rome one more time at the Battle of Beneventum where he is defeated because of elephants. You find him flee back to Epirus. Rome has control of the south except for the city of Tarentum which is they have under siege and just three years later Pyrrhus dies fighting in the city of Argos. He makes bad decisions in this battle, but **one of the key bad decisions that that comes out of this battle is bringing elephants into a city where you're fighting in tight alleyways and his exit route blocked**. So, Pyrrhus dies, he's 46 years old, Argos which means harvest is where he comes to his end. Rome goes to Egypt formalizing this alliance and Tarentum surrenders, Rome officially has control of the whole of the south of Italy. I'm not going to review this study it was handed out in a card earlier (she points to this card):



one of the lines put up at the top of the board showing the development of the message of the leaders of Epirus and connecting them to the leaders of the king of the south in our history. And what we were able to demonstrate was that Pyrrhus co-rules and then he comes back and through the leaders in a day and lining them all up we were able to demonstrate the Pyrrhus is Putin. Putin ran for two consecutive terms in 2008. It's

recognized he cannot run for another one because he's already had two four-year terms beginning in the year 2000, he's forced to co-rule with Medvedev and then after Medvedev serves one four-year term. Vladimir Putin comes back solo, we go back to the very beginning and we remember the beginning typifies the end, we find Admetus. If we were to trace back our leaders we find Stalin, and then you can start taking this history Pyrrhus is Putin but then you can also take this history and trace the history of Gorbachev and the history of Lenin and see that while Pyrrhus represents Putin if you see the end from the beginning the first dictator of the King of the South the final dictator of the king of the south it's Stalin and Putin, beginning and end, and that's where we took it into this history the history of World War II.

So, we come back into the history of Stalin and we begin to trace that history the first time you see this conflict finally break into the open in Europe is in the Spanish Civil War, there has been an ongoing proxy war between the two factions within Europe: fascism and communism. you find that the governments of Europe are dividing into these two camps and there's this war developing between fascism and communism this breaks into a proxy war in Spain where the Communist Soviet Union is supporting one side in the Spanish Civil War, and Germany and Italy Hitler and Mussolini are supporting the fascist side in the Spanish Civil War.

So, this is all predated by this proxy war and the two main powers involved in that proxy war is Germany which is fascist, and the Soviet Union which was communist supporting opposing sides. This all ends on the 1st April 1939, you then find that these ideological enemies go into an alliance and on the 23rd of August 1939 you have an alliance known as the Molotov Ribbentrop pact, an alliance between Stalin and Hitler it was supposed to be in this history ideological enemies so we have an alliance between Pyrrhus and Demetrius the king of the south and the king of the north in 303, we have an alliance between Stalin and Hitler at the Molotov Ribbentrop pact ideological enemies. The reason Hitler wanted this alliance so badly is because he needed to know that he had peace on his Eastern Front because he wants to invade Poland, and he invades Poland on the 1st of September 1939, just about a week after he goes into this pact with Stalin. It's what he's been waiting for this entire time. connected to this Molotov Ribbentrop pact was also an agreement that they would start dividing up spheres of influence, which is what they immediately began to do, and in this history, they're dividing up spheres of influence over particularly Eastern Europe. They have a breakdown in their relationship August of 1940. By August of 1940 Stalin is unimpressed with the behavior of Hitler that Hitler is not fulfilling economic agreements between the countries, there's this breakdown in communication and for the month of August Stalin stops supporting Hitler economically. Much of Germany's economy that enabled them to fight World War II, without trade with the Soviet Union Hitler would never have been able to fight World War II. So, for the month of August Stalin pulls that plug and stops supplying Hitler with the resources he needed for that world war. With this invasion of Poland there were three allies: Poland, France, and Britain. France and Britain had gone into an alliance with Poland and said if Hitler invades you then he has war with us.

So, you have this threefold alliance three allies versus this superpower bully Germany, and in this history Germany backed by the Soviet Union Stalin. August of 1940 there's this breakdown in their alliance by the end of August they make peace and the Alliance continues, but the damage has already been done, there were enemies from the start but both had something to gain by having a temporary alliance with their enemy. Hitler decides that the time to treat Stalin as an ally has come to an end and now he wants to go back to his original plan which was to defeat the Soviet Union, and on the 22nd of June 1941 by "Operation Barbarossa" Hitler invades his former ally (Hitler being the king of the north, the Soviet Union the king of the south). So, they begin with an alliance, and then as a result of that alliance they're able to fight a 3-fold enemy this is Poland France and Britain, in this history Demetrius is already a king, his father is killed, and Demetrius ready to takeover what's left of his father's Empire as well as his own holdings, you have him supported in this battle by Pyrrhus, and you have Germany too supported by the Soviet Union. They divide the territory into spheres of influence, their relationship breaks down, and then it's finally fully broken when the king of the north or Demetrius invades the king of the south or a Pyrrhus, or Germany the king of the north defeats the Soviet Union the king of the south.

Because the king of the north has invaded it drives Stalin into an alliance with the Allies he opposed back when he was in that original alliance so in the history just prior to 1945 we find that Stalin joins the Allied forces, Germany is defeated by this alliance, but particularly 2 powers – it's Russia or the Soviet Union here they come from the east into Germany driving or before them and from the West comes this new power the United States and we find that the territory is divided between east and west: the Soviet Union coming from the east, the United States from the West. And they met at the Elba River in Germany this sparks a cold war between the Soviet Union and the United States, and this Cold War fought with traditional Cold War tactics results in 1989 through sanctions and subterfuge, you find that the Soviet Union loses all except Russia the borders of Russia itself at this same point in time you also can go start seeing these other dynamic develop that's going to lead to further tension down the line. Here it's Thuri and you have another story still involving the king of the north and the King of the South but there's beginning to be a change of geography, this is a new dispensation or an Omega history, and in 1989 as you see that developed as part of that you also see the satellite states of the Soviet Union changing their allegiance from the their traditional relatives in the East, to the United States, and the one I want to particularly highlight is Ukraine. It's not a coincidence that is Ukraine that we thread through that history, its Ukraine that we place in 2014, 2018, and in the last few weeks 2019. You can thread Ukraine through our reform line from 1989 but beginning of this year it changes its allegiance from its traditional relatives in the East who have previously controlled its affairs now to the west, and it's looking to the United States. It does that in 1989, but the years after this after 1989 it still has some affiliation with Russia, but within it there begins to be this this movement that wants to integrate Ukraine into the European Union and NATO, so you find in 2014 that this dynamic occurs again. And again Ukraine overthrows their Russian sympathizing government and turns their eyes to the West and says "we want to ally with the West or with Rome." And when they overthrow their Russian sympathizing government and start to push for this alliance with the West you find Russia respond, and Russia attacks Ukraine.

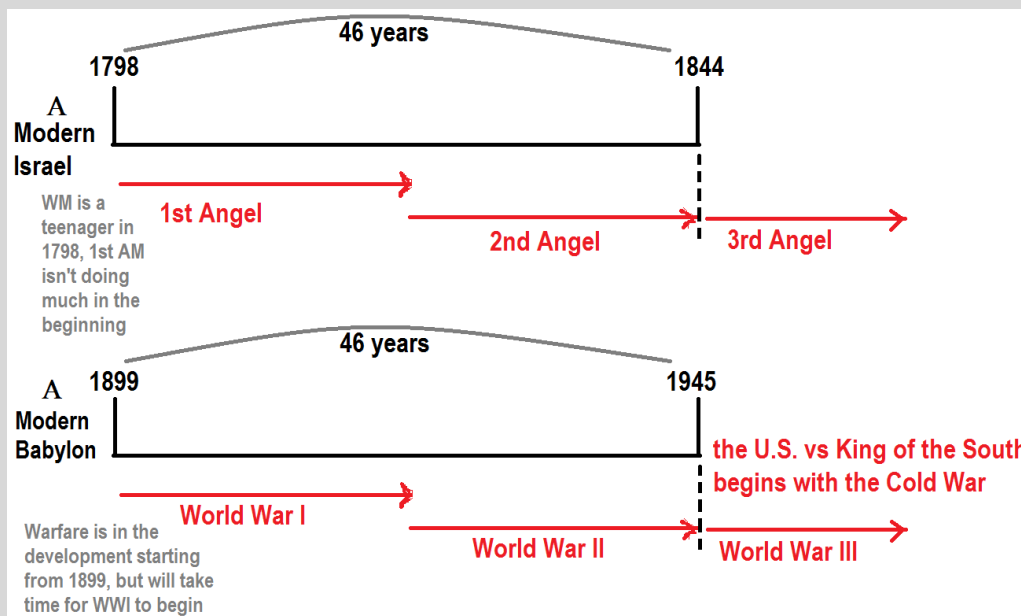
So, in 2016 you see this preparation that the King of the South is making to be able to challenge the Roman superpower or the north, in 2016 through that presidential cycle you see Putin prepare all that he needs to take on the West. That happens through the election cycle and Tarentum is preparing through this election cycle, so through those years of 282 to 280 but 2016 you can mark some escalation of that and it's also within the king of the south itself Pyrrhus is preparing Tarentum for war, Putin is preparing Russia itself for war and in these years 2014, 2016 Putin taking a full control over Russia's information networks. He also establishes in 2016 his personal private army known as his Praetorian Guard.

When we line things up you can see it's connecting our way marks in this history now we have 2014 2016 and we label this one the next way mark on our reform line is 2018 the Battle of Heraclea, and we saw in the November to December particularly marking December 19 of 2018 this battle between Russia and the United States, or between Putin and Trump, and in this history it was a win for Putin, and what they were fighting over is spheres of influence particularly Syria and Ukraine. Again, the two countries that we can go back and thread through these previous waymarks. We should all be well aware with everything that's developing within Syria and Ukraine remembering that World War II had two fronts: An Eastern Front and a Western Front. And then we have the battles of Asculum and Beneventum, these line up with the battles that we know most familiarly as Raphia and Panium. 2019 we have expected to be a battle similar to December 19, 2018, but in double the size, double the victory for Putin. Putin also victorious, and now you already know that this battle is on the fulfillment. This is where we would line up Raphia and Panium, Raphia we know is a victory for the King of the South, Panium a defeat, and they're using the same mode of warfare in each one of these battles: through this history the battle at Ipsus was elephants at Heraclea, Asculum, and Beneventum it's elephants and you even see them impacting the Battle of Argos. So, all the way through you have this common theme of mode of warfare. This is where we are right now in our history, watching its fulfillment and we know in the future that at Panium the king of the south is defeated. We expect to see some type of alliance form in 273, and we know that the king of the south begins to fall at Panium, and its fall is complete at Sunday Law.

So, in a very brief review those are the two lines the Alpha and Omega histories of Pyrrhus and then you find the Alpha and Omega histories in our time of the king of the south in its alpha history it's Germany versus the Soviet Union, in our history it's the United States versus Russia.

I just want to go back to the counterfeit and remind us of one subject: when it comes to the counterfeit, we have the Alpha history of Modern Israel - 1798 to 1844. If we use the narrative Ellen White, she gives us its 1798 to 1844. It's this 46 year history there's different ways you can place the Angels in this history but one of them is the following one of the ways she describes that this history is that it's the first angel and the second angel, and then in 1844 you have beginning the third angel, and it's going to travel through history until it's empowered.

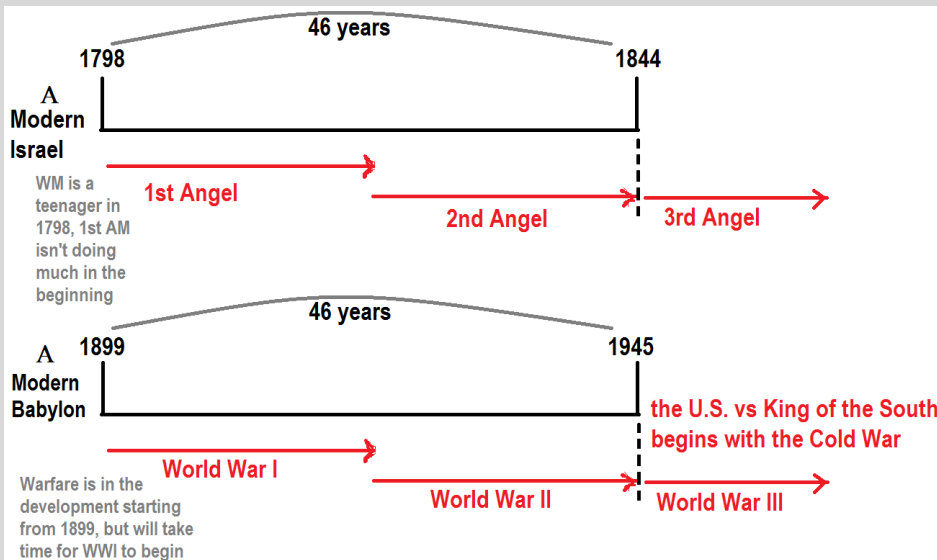
When you see the counterfeit of that it's 1899 to 1945 Satan also doing a work to restore his church. So what's the counterfeit of the messages? If it's the first and the second angels message that resurrects God's people in this history then when you come to history or the Alpha of modern Babylon what do you expect to see? it's 46 years and what brought the Catholic Church to a position of restoration at the end of those years was two world wars. You have world war I, World War II, and in 1945 with one logic if we repeat what Ellen won't give us - World War 3. The logic to see this Cold War's World War 3 is it's the United States versus the King of the South. Same dynamic we have today. So, in one in one line of thinking the third angels message began October 22 1844, in one line of thinking World War 3 began with the cold war at the end of World War two in 1945.



The first angels' message isn't doing much in 1798, William Miller is a teenager, he hasn't started studying it doesn't begin until years later. The preparation for World War one you can trace to 1899. In 1899 is the first Hague conference where they write the rules of modern warfare. So, you can see the development of modern warfare from 1899, but the world war itself took time. You can see the development of the first angel

arrived in 1798, but the giving of that message took time, but that same first and second angels message pattern that brings God's people to a position of restoration that raises up a church occurs in the same 46-year pattern, where World War 1 and World War II did the same work within the papacy, it provided the right conditions and it resurrected them not just as a world leader but also financially. Particularly in world war 1 as countries become began paying the Vatican to interfere with Italian politics it resurrected them financially, in beginning of World War I the Vatican is broke, by the end they are far from it. So, you see this pattern and you know that World War two has a place in this history as a work is being done within the papacy.

So, you see even on this level the significance of this war between Nazi Germany and the Communist Soviet Union. It isn't just a type of our history, it was part of the Alpha history of modern Babylon. **If Satan's plans hadn't worked out it was meant to be the end of world history or the setting up of his kingdom in the end of the great controversy at a time when Adventism is in no condition to be able to respond and protect themselves.**



1844 ended in a disappointment
 1945 ended in a disappointment. We talked about the 46 and the 4 and the 6, we talked about the 10 commandments also typifying our charts took to two tables of story and how come how many Commandments on the first four Commandments on the second six and we talked about that number 46 and the two charts or the two tables of stone we've talked about that four years within our movement you

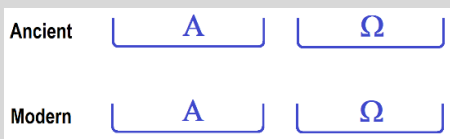
come to the world wars, World War One World War two how many years was World War I? 1914 to 1918 – Four years. How many years was World War II 1939 to 45 so you have the four and the six, all of this is Satan counterfeiting the work within his own church the same even the some of the same prophetic symbology as he's already recognizing God is implementing in his own church

So, these world wars and you know from this part of the world who were one must have deep significance as



well because both world wars take part in the history of the alpha of modern Babylon. So, the next step after these lines were completed was to overlay them. When you have the Alpha of ancient Israel and the Omega of ancient Israel, and the Alpha of modern Israel and the Omega of modern Israel what do we do we cut our lines and we overlay them because the beginning typifies the end and you can make that application if you cut the line and overlay them so what we then had to do will see that not only does Pyrrhus in Italy teach us about the war in our time but the history of World War two and the history of Stalin is going to teach us about World War III, and the history of Vladimir Putin. So, the next we are going to cut our line

where the dispensations meet and overlay them:

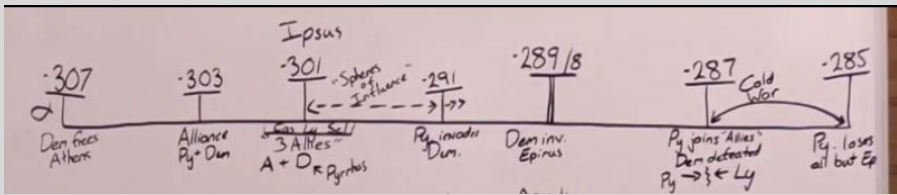


Alpha of Modern Israel	Alpha of Modern Babylon
Starts in 1798	Starts in 1899
In 1798 William Miller is a teenager, 1AM not doing anything	Warfare Rules adopted in Hague Convention of 1899, but actual war starts later, takes time
Ends in Great Disappointment of 1844	Ends in disappointment for the King of the North (Papacy) in 1945
46 years	46 years
3 rd AM that starts from 1844 restores God's people	World War 3 starts with the Cold War. Papacy richer after the war
10 Commandments: 4 and 6	WW1: 1918 - 1914 = 4
Commandments also typify 2 charts of 1843 and 1850	WW2: 1945 - 1939 = 6

Here you have Pyrrhus Macedonia, his alpha of history begins in 307BC, and you have this war where Demetrius frees Athens from a dictator.

In 303 BC you have an alliance between Pyrrhus and Demetrius.

In 301 BC you have the battle of Ipsus and three allies Cassander Lysimachus and Seleucus facing off against their mortal enemies Antigonus and Demetrius. Demetrius being supported by Pyrrhus. After this battle where Antigonus is killed in 301 BC you find Demetrius and Pyrrhus, King Demetrius now completely unrestrained from the control of his father who exercised a dictatorial control over the son. Demetrius is freed from the dictatorial control of his father. He expands his iron Kingdom, and you find the division of spheres of influence particularly through the country of Macedonia between Pyrrhus and Demetrius.



This causes tension and in 291 BC Pyrrhus invades the territory of Demetrius, Thessaly. Demetrius responds aggressively and in 289 288 BC Demetrius invades the country of

Epirus. Demetrius here is engaged in a massive military buildup those three allies that Pyrrhus had fought against, he now goes into an alliance with, and in 287 BC Pyrrhus has joined the Allies. Demetrius is defeated by Pyrrhus and Lysimachus, and his kingdom is divided between east and west.

Pyrrhus Lysimachus now engage in a cold war which ends in 285 BC where Pyrrhus loses all but the borders of his own country. We're going to overlay it with this Omega 285 BC you find this city state Thurii appeals to Rome 282 BC.

You find Tarentum attacks Thurii and war now begins or is declared between Rome and Tarentum.

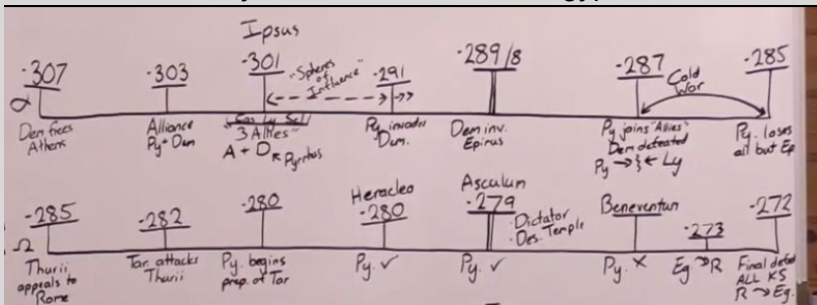
In 280 Pyrrhus begins the preparation of Tarentum.

The first battle fought in 280 BC towards the end of that year in the late autumn just prior to winter they meet at Heraclea. Pyrrhus wins thanks to his elephants.

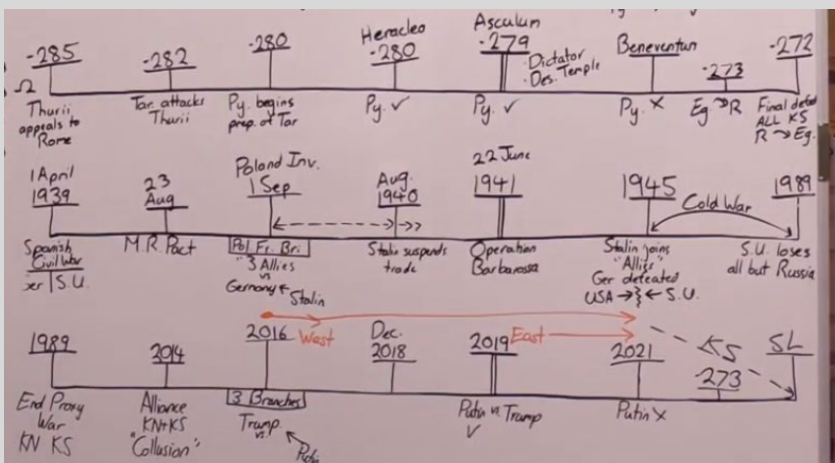
In 279 BC they meet at Asculum twice the size of Heraclea. Pyrrhus wins, he acts as a dictator in this history more than he ever had before, he desecrates a pagan temple but isn't benefited by it.

He comes back and fights a final battle with Rome – the battle of Beneventum, and he loses that battle.

Because of his loss Egypt starts taking notice of Rome, all culminates in 272 BC with the final and full defeat of all the south of Italy, and Rome returns to Egypt.



Connecting this history into the history of world war II the Alpha history we find there has been a proxy war – the Spanish Civil War comes to its end on the 1st of April 1939, this has been a proxy war between communism and fascism; between Germany and the Soviet Union.



Those two enemies that here were engaged in opposite sides, go into an alliance on the 23rd of August known as the Molotov Ribbentrop pact. Hitler wants this pact, so he has peace with his natural enemy because he wants to begin a war on the Western Front. Poland is invaded on the 1st of September 1939, and Hitler is boldly attacking three allies Poland, France, and Britain. And in this invasion, he's supported by the Soviet Union and Stalin. This alliance between the two supposed to be enemies

breaks down in August of 1940 and you see Stalin suspends trades to Germany. 22nd of June 1941 this war breaks out fully – with Operation Barbarossa Hitler invades the Soviet Union. Because of this Stalin goes into

an alliance with the side that he had previously opposed, - to the Allies, then is Germany defeated, particularly by two superpowers the United States from the west, and the Soviet Union from the east. And Germany is divided into East and West in 1945. this sparks a cold war between the United States and the Soviet Union that ends in 1989, where the Soviet Union loses all but the borders of Russia. Those are our three histories Alpha and Omega of Pyrrhus, Alpha and Omega of King of the South in our time.

Then we made application of this history and all's we have to do is lay the dates in here 1989 in 1989 you see the end of a proxy war between the king of the north and the King of the South.

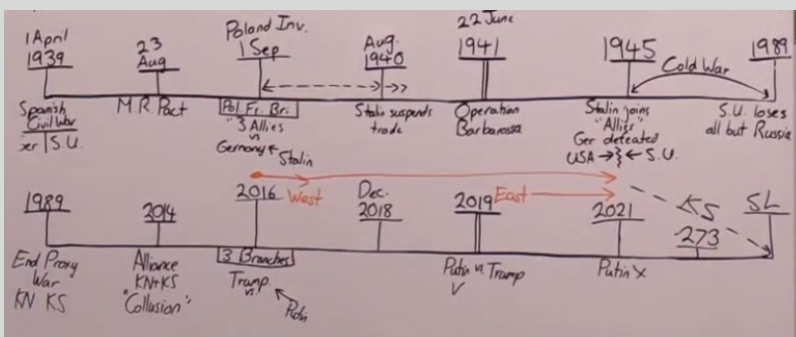
1989 lines up with the Spanish Civil War, you see Ukraine changing its allegiance.

2014 lines up with the Russian attack into Ukraine and 2014 also lines up with an alliance between the king of the north and the King of the South that we call collusion.

2016 you find the war begin on the western front. The invasion of Poland was why this alliance was necessary. To invade and begin a war on the Western Front you find Trump taking on the three branches of the US government (there are more intricacies of the battle of Ipsus and the evidence behind this application), and in 2016 you find Trump and Putin already in some form of an alliance, they take on the three branches of the US government, and it is Trump vs. the three branches of the US government, or Clinton depending on which perspective of Ipsus you want to use, and in that he is supported by Vladimir Putin. Their alliance continues until December of 2018, where it temporarily breaks down, and then they're able to come to an agreement.

2019 lines up with Operation Barbarossa Asculum and the invasion of Epirus and another battle between the king of the north and the King of the South: Putin vs. Trump.

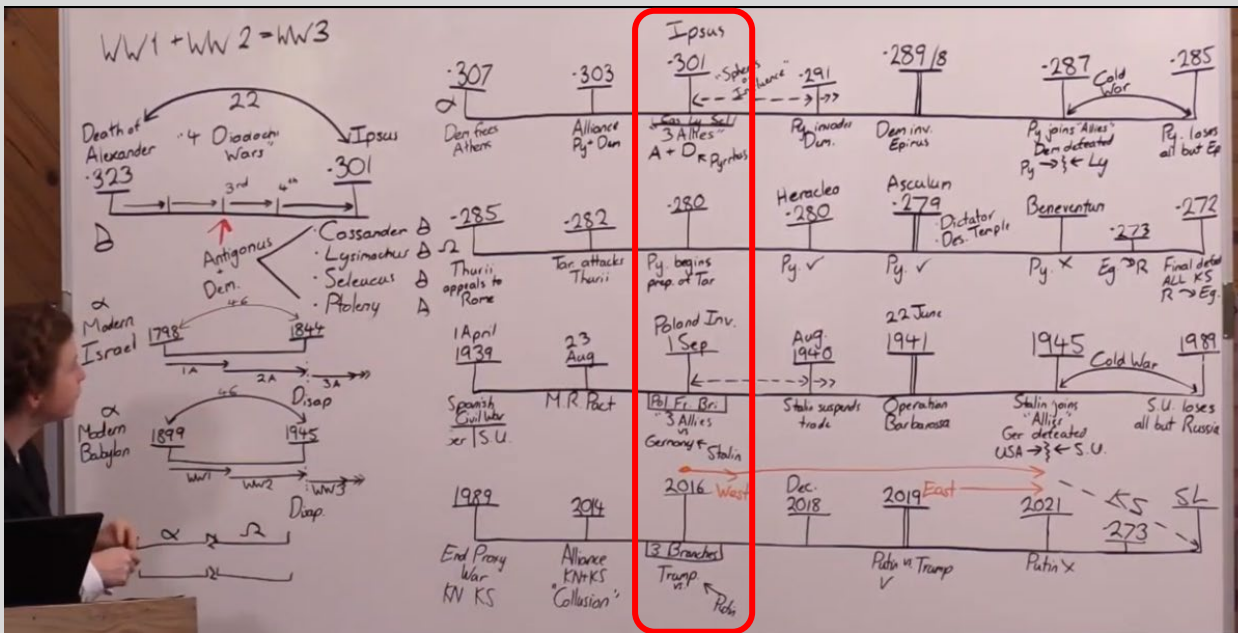
At Panium in 2021 Putin is defeated, we know in 2019 history Putin is victorious, at Panium Putin is defeated. We will see this alliance develop and at Sunday Law the final completed fall of the king of the south.



So, that's how the application looks in our time. We have four battles marked in this history: battle of Ipsus 2016: war begins on the western front, there are two friends to this war, we miss half of our message if we're looking to external events between Trump and Putin or Russia and the U.S. Half of the external events at least that we should be following is the events occurring **inside** the United States **inside** what we would

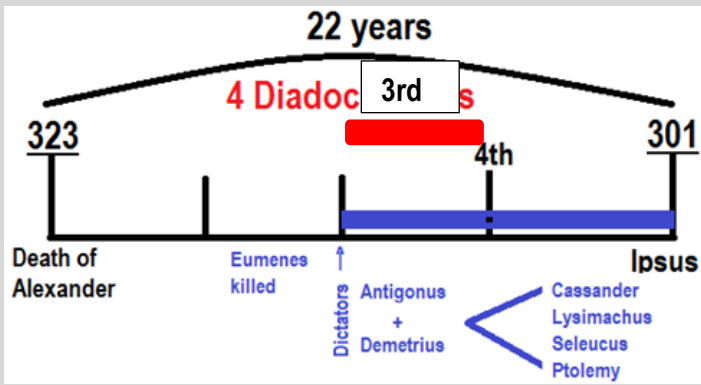
term "the West". This war has two fronts, and since this election one of those fronts is concentrated in the West. *it's 2019 year that we see the Eastern Front develop, but when we talk about the Western Front, we should be following the events occurring within the United States as you see this country become polarized and we see impeachment and conflict over Ukraine and Syria.* We should be following those events, we've seen them enough in 2014, 2016, and 2018 to know that they are key subjects for our history. So, when we overlay our lines without going into all the proofs in the details this is what we find: that we have this history of 1989 the end of this proxy war and then it got head straight into this history where you see Putin and Trump coming into this friendship this collusion all with the goal in mind of this 2016 election battle.

2016 was the first battle and was decided by elephants (battle of Ipsus) and elephants decided Heraclea, Asculum, and Beneventum, and are involved in Argos. So, you're seeing the same mode of warfare throughout our reform line. In fact, in another study when we head into our key subject you also see elephants in 1989. So, from the time of the end you have this information war mode of warfare all through this history.



This is just revision so far. What I want us to note is how much we're missing with just this application. When we do this application of World War 2, and we're able to see these two fronts of World War III in our own time the Western Front from 2016, the Eastern Front from now 2019, how much of our reform line are we missing? Question: what are they fighting over? – Spheres of influence, they're fighting over spheres of influence so you see that the Eastern Front begins in 2019, we're watching the beginning of the Eastern Front, and we're saying that what they're going to fight over are these spheres of influence. So if they're fighting over that now (fighting over Syria and Ukraine) in these spheres of influence from 2019 what were they doing back in 1989-2014 and 2014-2016? – They are fighting over spheres of influence and Syria and Ukraine. It's not a new development. Our other problem is we have 1989 here the end of his proxy war, we're talking about the king of the north and the King of the South in the history of 1989, the end of that war and then in this line it skips how many years?

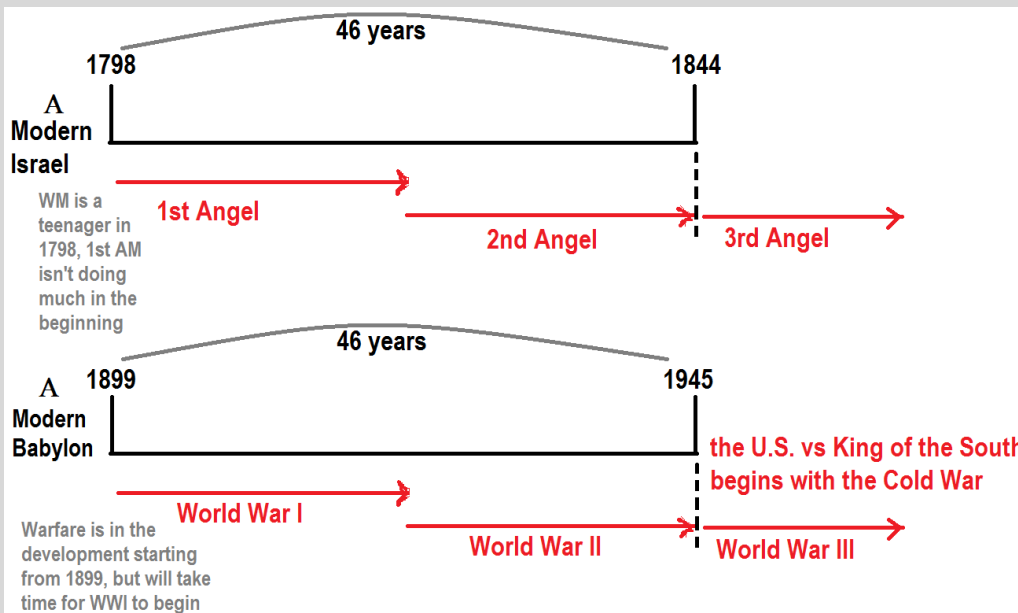
It skips 25 years of history; we have 25 years in here in World War 2 is skipping 25 years. it skips the Gulf War, the rise of Vladimir Putin, the war in Afghanistan, the war in Iraq, the conflict over Libya. All of those events that occurred between Vladimir Putin and the West, skips all of that history and goes straight to the history of the rise of Trump and our dispensation. So, you know that there is a gaping hole in our reform line **if we've been here 30 years World War 2 is skipping 25 years of that. So, you know that we're missing 25 years of application. The first key being skipped history. The second key:** you go into the history of modern Israel and modern Babylon and you know that in the history of modern Babylon in the Alpha history World War I and World War II were back to back and both significant, that Satan was doing a work in both histories history of World War one and World War II. So if we have a prophetic explanation for World War II, we must also have a prophetic explanation for World War I. **Another clue: World War one and World War two are one war,** if they're a war between Germany and an Eastern Front and a Western Front, World War I is a war where Germany fights on the East and on the West: they're fighting against Russia on the East, and against Britain and France. There's an armistice, That armistice leads to conditions placed on Germany, that disillusions there the German population and leads directly to World War II, where again Germany fights the Soviet Union on the east, and France and Britain on the west. **So, that they are one war with a break in the middle (armistice).**



The application we're making in the fourth Diadochi war you have this king of the north or superpower Antigonos with his son Demetrios, and they are fighting against these Allied forces. We've traced the fourth Diadochi war, but the third Diadochi war is the exact same, with the exact same players. There are two wars just with a break in the middle so it's already forming the pattern of World War I and World War II. So, if the fourth Diadochi war leads to World War II, the third Diadochi war must have some relation to World War I.

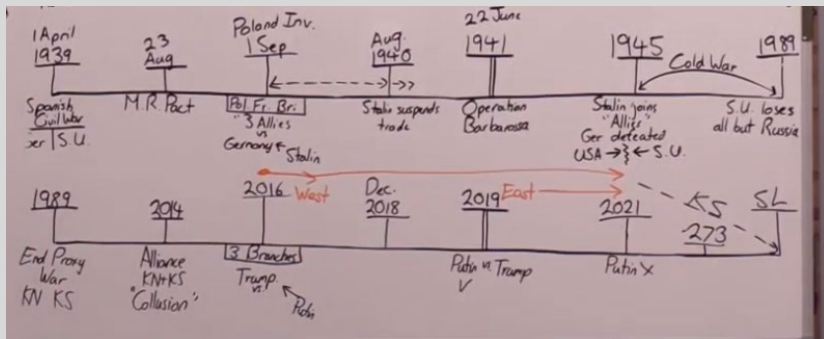
And when you go back into the history of this third Diadochi war it's the third Diadochi war that gives us what we need to begin to open up the history of World War I.

As of October 2018, we laid out World War II, and it has been taught throughout the year, meanwhile many of us recognized that World War I must in this dispensation complete that study. We recognized that it relates to the modern Babylon and that it connects to the history of World War II, and we recognized that something must come suspected World War I, that would give insight into these 25 years (1989 – 2014), particularly, going back to the counterfeit we see the 1st and the 2nd Angels message do a work in 1798 to 1844, we see the 1st, and then the 2nd, and then beginning the 3rd, and we've paralleled that with the World War I and II.



When it comes to the Omega history the 1st and the 2nd angels' message are combined: 1st + 2nd. In the Alpha history you find 1A 2E and 2A 2E, and they in a form separated, but when you bring them into the Omega of modern Israel those messages we call it the combining of the messages and you see the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Angels' messages start to overlap. The first and the second world wars are separated, but when you

make application and you go into the Omega of modern Babylon, based on the combination of our three angels messages, you can also see the combination of the world wars. And in this history you see the 1st and the 2nd World War are going to overlap and explain this history (1989-2014) particularly this 25 years but they're also going to overlap, just like the 1st and 2nd Angels' messages and the World War I will also add more detail onto our own history of 2014 to 2019 and through the Panium.

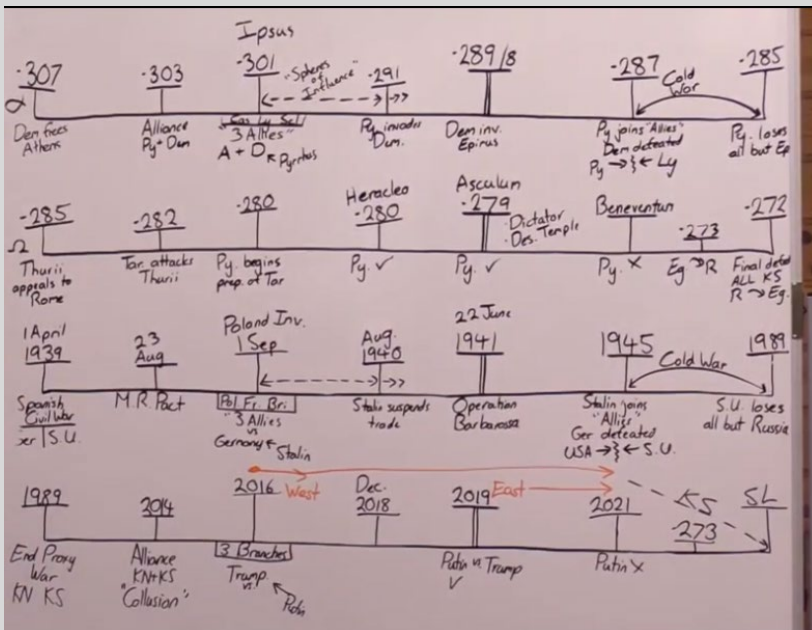


Before going into that history because we're almost out of time I don't want to begin that explanation of explanation of the third Diadochi war in World War I, as these presentations are being studied and shared is that all of us have to learn some parts of history, to make sense of these developments. Part of our explanation our explanation is to go into that 25 years: the

Iraq war, the Gulf War, and understand what happened. Part of this is just a historical overview, and that can get tricky sometimes in the past, because I've said something like a historical overview and people have taken it as a prediction. So, we must be careful when I do that. Sometimes in just repeating past history people then think oh she's making a direct application for our time, and sometimes you're just trying to catch people up on some events of history.

Before discussing World War I, we've wanted to review World War II and we've done that by going back to Pyrrhus seeing these Alpha and Omega histories, we come in to our history, the history of the end of the world and seen the Alpha and Omega of the king of the south in our time. First, under Stalin and the Soviet Union, now under Vladimir Putin and Russia. We've cut our line and overlay the Alpha and the Omega histories all of **these three histories are key to explaining our time**. The difference between alpha and omega: the principles will stay the same, this is an alpha history.

In the Alpha history when you come to the North and South fighting or Pyrrhus and Demetrius fighting in 291 BC you see this fight between Pyrrhus and Demetrius and who won? – This is a victory for Demetrius. Pyrrhus invaded the territory of Demetrius.



But he is very quickly expelled, he's too afraid to even to fight Demetrius in battle, and he flees back to Epirus with his tail between his legs. So, this is a victory for the king of the north. Demetrius invades Epirus, and who won? – Pyrrhus couldn't even defend his own country; this was a victory for Demetrius the king of the north. In 287 BC Pyrrhus fights Demetrius again, it's a victory for the king of the south, and then Pyrrhus loses all about Epirus in 285 BC. but it's these three battles that relate to wars between the king of the north and the King of the South or Pyrrhus and Demetrius. These are the three key conflicts between the king of the north and the King of the South as they are in that history you come to Heraclea, and it's Pyrrhus

vs. Rome, who wins? – The king of the south. Asculum – Pyrrhus wins. Beneventum Pyrrhus loses it's a victory for Rome or the king of the north. August 1940 Stalin suspends to Germany, out of that conflict Germany is able to negotiate a much better deal for itself, it resulted in a victory for Germany. Operation Barbarossa was very quickly a victory for Germany. It's the largest invasion known in human history. They took over vast swaths of the Soviet Union before Stalin even accepted that he had been invaded. Stalin has come back and join the Allies and he defeats Germany – a victory for the king of the south. You come into our history and we already know at Panium it's a victory for the king of the north, we already know that at Raphia it's a victory for the king of the south, and if you trace the history of December 2018, it was a history of the king of victory of the king of

the south. This connects also is another witness to the study of half right and half wrong. In an alpha history it's a victory for the king of the north, a victory for the king of the north, and then finally a victory for the king of the south (KN KN KS) in an Omega history it's a victory for the king of the south, a victory for the king of the south, and then finally a victory for the king of the north (KS KS KN).

A:	KN	KN	KS
Ω:	KS	KS	KN

This is the difference between alpha history's and Omega Histories. In 1945 the king of the north is defeated, you line that up with Panium and the king of the north is victorious. That's one extra evidence that when you deal with an alpha history you're dealing with a history of failure because if Germany had not won that war, would there be any need for the United States today? – the United States would not be here as a superpower if Hitler had won the WW2, so the only reason that you have an Omega history is because the Alpha history failed. The only reason you have a reform line of the 144,000 is because the Millerites didn't finish the work. The Omega history exists because the alpha history failed, and you see that it forms a pattern, where when you see those key waymarks and who wins and who loses, that they switched between Alpha and Omega. We said 1945 it's a disappointment and failure for Germany, but it's also a disappointment for the papacy. 1844 is a disappointment for God's people for his movement. Is Panium a disappointment for the king of the north? – No, and it's not a disappointment for the papacy. So, people using these histories of failure to say that at our close of probation we must have disappointment and failure are failing to understand the difference between a history of failure and history of success. And that was a mistake that elder Jeff made in April this year when he used histories of failure to say "well, the king of the north was defeated in 1945 the king of the north must be defeated at Panium." And he knows that's not the case, he's failed to understand the difference between histories of failure and histories of success, it's one evidence that we have that in Omega history, like in a history of Christ, the message was perfect, the only disappointment that was felt in that history, was a disappointment of those who fails to unlearn the first angels concept of what the end would look like. Those who held on to the message of John were the only ones disappointed at the cross for Christ it was complete a ton a victory he defeated the forces of Satan once and for all. Omega history is a success if the message is accepted. Alpha history is a disappointment. When we come to the history of World War I, we're going to have to follow the same pattern World War I is what history? – It's a history of failure, so we already know that when we make application of this history of World War I that the battles between the king of the north and the King of the South must be switched. So this is complete sour revision of World War II.

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